

## De Lacy Primary School Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

1. Summary information							
School	De Lacy Pri	De Lacy Primary School					
Academic Year	2018/19	Total PP budget	£211,200	Date of most recent PP Review	10/1/2018		
Total number of pupils	305	Number of pupils eligible for PP	160	Date for next internal review of this strategy	September '19		

2. Attainment in KS2 2017/18					
	Year 6 all in 2018 (46 pupils)	Pupils eligible for PP in 2018 (35 pupils)	Pupils not eligible for PP 2018 (national average)		
% achieving in reading, writing and maths	15%	15%	67%		
% achieving in reading	39%	39%	77%		
% achieving in writing	57%	64%	74%		
% achieving in maths	39%	33%	76%		
Targets for attainment in KS2 2018/19					
	Pupils eligible for PP (26 Pupils) (our school target)	Pupils not eligible for PP (16 Pupils) (our school target)	Pupils not eligible for PP (National Other target from 2017)		
% achieving in reading, writing and maths	50%	40%			
% achieving in reading	70%	55%	78%		
% achieving in writing	60%	45%	82%		
% achieving in maths	65%	60%	81%		

3. B	3. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP, including high ability)						
In-sc	In-school barriers						
А.	Pupils who are eligible for PP are making less progress compared to other Non PP children nationally, significantly in Reading. Also PP are making less progress than Non PP children in our school, in writing.						
В.	Pupils who are eligible for PP are making less progress than other pupils across Key Stage 1, particularly in Reading and Writing. This prevents sustained high achievement in Key Stage 2.						
C.	Pupils who are eligible for PP are making less progress than other pupils across Key Stage 2 – significantly less in Reading and just below in Maths. This prevents sustained high achievement, especially in Reading.						

Extern	al barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)								
D.	Low attendance of children who are eligible for PP. This meant that in 2018 the persistent absence for PP children was higher than national.								
E.	Children have limited opportunities for out of school activities/experiences. This impacts on their knowledge and understanding of the world, their general knowledge, imaginations and vocabulary. This in turn impacts directly onto Writing and Reading attainment.								
F.	Low self-esteem and resilience								
4. De	sired outcomes								
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria							
Α.	A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2 and disadvantaged pupils' progress will increase.	<ol> <li>Improvement in the number of DA children reaching the expected standard at KS1 and KS2 in comparison to 2018.</li> <li>Progress gap between DA children and non DA children, in school &amp; nationally, will close.</li> </ol>							
В.	Progress for disadvantaged children across school will be at least in line with other children.	<ol> <li>Progress gap between DA children and non DA children will close.</li> <li>Progress of DA children will be closer to national other children.</li> </ol>							
C.	Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase, and the gap in comparison to other children will decrease.	<ol> <li>Attendance of DA children will increase from 93.9% to 95%</li> <li>Attendance gap between DA children and other children will narrow to -1%</li> </ol>							
D.	Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children. Will be measured through: • Tracking intervention impact • Analysis of wider opportunities provided for DA children	<ol> <li>Intervention tracking will show clear impact at a fine level.</li> <li>Successful intervention outcomes will be mirrored in whole school tracking of attainment and progress of DA children.</li> <li>Analysis of wider opportunities will show that DA children have had better access to the curriculum which may also be seen in whole school tracking of attainment and progress of DA children.</li> </ol>							

Academic year	2018-2019			
	elow enable schools to d hole school strategies.	emonstrate how they are using the pupi	I premium to improve classroom p	edagogy, provide targeted
i. Quality of teachi	ng for all			
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	When will you review implementation?
A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Progress for disadvantaged children across school will be at least in line with other children.	Additional teacher for Year 6 4 Terms £30000 Ensure training is provided for Maths/English subject areas. (Abraxas) £3000	The additional teacher enables a more focussed approach to targeting DA children, both by the teacher working with DA children, or by reducing numbers in class to enable the class teacher to provide more support. Evidence from the EEF shows that small group tuition can accelerate learning by 4 months.	The additional teacher will be part of the normal monitoring calendar and will be part of scrutinies and observations. They will also be part of the pupil progress meetings and identified children who have been targeted will be monitored. Whole school termly achievement and improvement meetings that focus on all pupils. Discussing whole year group cohorts as well as individual classes. Additional teacher will also support with booster groups.	Termly (achievement and improvement meetings)
A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Progress for disadvantaged children across school will be at least in line with other children.	Booster classes resources £3000 Classroom learning equipment purchased for DA children. Ensure training is provided for Maths/English subject areas. (Abraxas)	All DA children will receive resources for booster classes to ensure they have access to the same resources as Non-PP peers. It will also enable them to take part in the small group booster classes effectively. Evidence from the EEF shows that small group tuition can accelerate learning by 4 months.	Smaller booster session groups. Use of expenditure to purchase the intervention materials. Whole school termly pupil progress meetings focussing on all pupils. Discussing whole year group cohorts as well as individual classes. Extra adult support for classes throughout school.	Termly (achievement and improvement meetings).

A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Progress for disadvantaged children across school will be at least in line with other children. A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Progress for disadvantaged children across school will be at least in line with other children.	Interventions Leader/Learning Mentor (SP) £25,282 Whole-school interventions coordinated by CH and SP (Inclusion Leader and Learning Mentor). £4000 Third Space Learning. £6000 School Library Service £3000	The interventions leader enables a more focussed approach to targeting DA children, both by the teacher/mentor working with DA children who need tailored support for their needs. This will also support the gaps in learning and/or the removal of any barriers the pupils have in their learning. Evidence from the EEF shows that small group tuition can accelerate learning by 4 months. Figures show that DA children have lower reading ages on average than Non-DA peers. DA children may not have access to books at home therefore reading less. Evidence from the EEF indicates that Reading Comprehension strategies such as this can accelerate learning by 5 months.	Interventions will be part of the normal monitoring calendar and will be part of scrutinies and observations. Interventions will be tracked and reviewed following the identification of children from the achievement and improvement meetings Whole school termly achievement and improvement meetings focussing on all pupils. Discussing whole year group cohorts as well as individual classes. Extra adult support for classes throughout school. Reading age checks used from GL Assessment to inform teachers understanding of reading age development. This will feed into achievement and improvement meetings.	Termly (achiev improvement r	
Total budgeted cost					£74,282
ii. Targeted suppo	rt				1
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Learning Mentors (HD/CB) £42,561	Disadvantaged children, because of home/life circumstance, have low self- esteem. Having that safe place/person to speak to at school. Evidence from the EEF shows that Behavioural Interventions can accelerate learning by 4 months.	Weekly inclusion meetings with SLT updating children on case load.	C Hughes F Holmes	Weekly in SLT meetings.

Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Parent Involvement Officer £18,716	% of Persistently absent children 2017/2018 was over 18%. Evidence from the EEF suggests that Parental Involvement strategies can accelerate learning by 3 months.	Weekly inclusion meetings with SLT updating children on case load.	C Hughes L Thorpe B Riley	Weekly Inclusion meetings.
Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase. A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Free Breakfast Club for Year 6 children (targeting children with low attendance) 2 additional staff & Breakfasts £8000 Reading intervention – allocated provision for free attendance on a daily basis.	This helps with punctuality and attendance of DA children who access the provision as often DA children who do not can have poorer attendance. Children will have a daily reading intervention as part of their Breakfast Club routine. Figures show that DA children have lower reading ages on average than Non-DA peers. DA children may not have access to books at home therefore reading less.	Children will be allocated free spaces to breakfast club and monitored for attendance on a weekly basis. Half termly age checks used from Reading Age assessments from NGRT to support assessments. This will feed into achievement and improvement meetings.	A Duncan C Winnett	Half termly.
A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children. Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase.	Extra Phonics Club – before/after school Phonics resources and any additional training needs. £2500	Figures show that DA children have lower reading ages on average than Non-DA peers. DA children may not have access to books at home therefore reading less. This helps with punctuality and attendance of DA children who access the provision as often DA children who do not can have poorer attendance.	Children will be monitored for attendance on a weekly basis. Half termly age checks used from Read Write Inc programme to support assessments. This will feed into achievement and improvement meetings.	A Duncan C Winnett	Half termly.

A greater proportion of disadvantaged children will reach the expected standard at KS1 and KS2. Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Speech and Language Therapy SLT Care Services £7000 FEET Training and Resources £2000	Specialist support from trained experts improves children's speech and language skills and helps children overcome language barriers. Evidence from the EEF suggests that Oral Language Interventions can accelerate learning by 5 months.	The language specialist updates our SENCO and periodic assessments are carried out.	C Hughes F Holmes	Half-termly
			Total bu	dgeted cost	£80,777
iii. Other approach	es				
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Choices Programme £2500 pa	Provide opportunities for special education experiences they wouldn't usually be able to access. Outdoor Adventure Learning can lead to an acceleration of 3 months of learning, according to the EEF.	SLT meetings & discussions with ECT.	C Hughes H Dancey A Jones	Termly
Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Educational visits subsidised costs £10000	Provide opportunities for special education experiences they wouldn't usually be able to access. Outdoor Adventure Learning can lead to an acceleration of 3 months of learning, according to the EEF.	SLT meetings- discuss appropriate financial support for disadvantaged children.	A Duncan K Vose	Trip by trip basis.

Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Extended Schools Walking Bus £4000 (cost of adults and additional hours)	Disadvantaged children, because of home/life circumstance, have low self- esteem. Having that safe place/person to speak to at school. Evidence from the EEF shows that Behavioural Interventions can accelerate learning by 4 months.	Weekly inclusion meetings with SLT updating children case load.	C Hughes A Jones C Brown	Weekly in SLT meetings.
Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase.		This helps with punctuality and attendance of DA children who access the provision and evidence from the EEF suggests that Parental Involvement strategies can accelerate learning by 3 months.			
Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children. Attendance of disadvantaged children will increase.	FEET – reading, language & parental links.	<ul> <li>Evidence from the EEF suggests that Oral Language Interventions can accelerate learning by 5 months.</li> <li>Figures show that DA children have lower reading ages on average than Non-DA peers.</li> <li>DA children may not have access to books at home therefore reading less.</li> <li>This helps with punctuality and attendance of DA children who access the provision and evidence from the EEF suggests that Parental Involvement strategies can accelerate learning by 3 months.</li> </ul>	Extended Leadership Team weekly meetings.	FEET	Termly
Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	Free Music lessons and after school clubs £5000 ICT – ipads and other additional equipment such as laptops. £5000	Provide opportunities for special education experiences they wouldn't usually be able to access.	Monitored for attendance on a weekly basis.	K Vose	Half termly
Ensure disadvantage children have access to nutritional food/milk.	Parental Involvement strategies Free milk for all children £3830.40	Evidence from the EEF suggests that Parental Involvement strategies can accelerate learning by 3 months. Using the role of the sports coach children will work in groups to earn about healthy eating and healthy lifestyles.		Admin team	Termly

Intervention and other wider opportunities will improve access to the curriculum for disadvantaged children.	School to have its own Nurture base developed and to have a sensory room. £6000	Disadvantaged children, because of home/life circumstance, have low self- esteem. Having that safe place/person to speak to at school. Evidence from the EEF shows that Behavioural Interventions can accelerate learning by 4 months. This helps with punctuality and attendance of DA children who access the provision and evidence from the EEF suggests that Parental Involvement strategies can accelerate learning by 3 months.	Safeguarding meeting weekly	C Hughes	Weekly
			Total buc	lgeted cost	£36,330.40
PP Fund Remaining from overall allocation					<mark>£19,810.60</mark>